

the establishment was therefore ineffectual? If the whole garrison of Dublin were to be converted into watchmen, still crimes might be committed; for the artifice and enterprize of robbers must sometimes prevail. It would not follow, however, that the men had neglected their duty. If the men were guilty of misconduct let them be punished, which the superior magistrate would not fail to do, on proof that it was deserved. It was impossible, he contended, to have any institution upon earth so perfect, as that men would not be found in it who would act improperly, and neglect their duty.

But the progress of the two former committees had been, the first found fault with the expence, the latter with the conduct of the men.—The Commissioners exerted themselves and brought the charge of the establishment from 20,000l. per annum down to 15,000l. and last year they had reduced it 1100l. although they had paid an arrear. There was a probability that the expence would be even less, but he would not say much less, for it would be ridiculous to flatter the public that the protection of a great city like Dublin could be obtained upon much cheaper terms.

Next as to conduct, it had been stated that crimes had been committed, and that the criminals had not been apprehended. If the magistrates had not been proved to have taken no means to prevent the like in future, there was no force in the objection. He declared that the conduct of the police magistrates was highly meritorious. He could say that the peace of no city was more perfectly established—and that this winter there were fewer burglaries and robberies than at any former period. This therefore was no time for setting aside the institution, when it appeared to answer its purposes. Perceiving the house was not in a temper or condition for discussion he should say no more on the subject, but move the question of adjournment, which he accordingly did.

Mr. Curran thought the motion deserved much more respectful treatment than he perceived it was likely to receive.—No gentleman could deny that the institution was universally odious.—The strongest proofs of that odium had been repeatedly given—particularly two sessions ago when the floor of that House which was now no more was covered by the petitions of the people against this establishment to those whom they fondly thought their representatives.—The House needed not to fear that he would trouble them long on this occasion—he had two objects in view when he came into Parliament—either to lay the complaints of the country before the legislature and obtain for them redress—or to convince the people they had nothing farther to hope.—The latter of these was attained, he said—for if the people of Ireland still retain any expectation of relief from those miseries they laboured under and which had thrown them far behind any country of Europe—if the people yet entertained any such hope as this, they were indeed a *besotted* nation.—The petition was from 16 parishes of Dublin, and spoke the sentiments of the inhabitants at large.—This was to him a strong argument for treating it with the most serious attention.—He knew, however, it would not have equal force with other gentlemen, and he was equally sure that any thing he could say would not make it conclusive, as he was unable to corroborate it by the offer of a pension or a place.—He had not a place himself—Nor had he influence enough with the Rt. Hon. Gentleman on the other side to obtain even a promise of one.

Colonel Blaquiere expressed his surprize that opposition had nothing new to advance, and that they persisted to tread in the same beaten path session after session.

Mr. Graydon spoke in support of the original motion—but amongst so many interruptions that it was impossible to understand him.

Sir Michael Cromie said, that a very moderate proposition had been offered to the house.

Lord Bishop of Meath, and only letter to the Right Hon. the Speaker of the House of Commons.

Ennis, March 15. The rejoicings which took place on Saturday last, in consequence of the recovery of the Right Hon. Sir Lucius O'Brien, Bart. we find, by accounts from different parts of the country, were as extensive as the grateful tidings reached; and the striking feature seemed—who should appear most happy on the occasion.

From Sir Lucius's polite attention to the Gentlemen of the Garrison of Clare Castle, they seemed also most cordially to participate in the general joy:—the Barracks was brilliantly illuminated; and a large bonfire lighted up on the top of the Castle, round which the Military were assembled and fired three rounds, which were answered by the cannon placed on the Bridge by the inhabitants of the town; this attention, while it must prove highly flattering to the worthy character it was meant to compliment, is not less honorable to the feelings of the gentlemen who promoted it.

The Limerick Chronicle.
L I M E R I C K.

Wednesday last the Munster Circuit began at Waterford,—we are sorry to find that a greater number of persons for capital offences are in our Jail, than for many years past.

Tuesday last two companies of the 43d regt. marched into Waterford, where they are to do duty, in the room of a like number of the 35 h.

Last week a girl of 12 years of age, daughter of an Innkeeper at Borresfoleigh, approaching too near a wood fire, her clothes caught the blaze, and she was burnt to death.

MARRIED. This day by the Rev. Joseph Campbell at Kilpeacon church, Ralph Westropp, jun. Esq; of this City, to the amiable Miss Vereker, daughter to Thomas Vereker, Esq.

DIED. Last Sunday, deservedly regretted by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, John Evans, of Ballinacourty, in the county of Limerick, Esq.—A few days ago, at Cullen, Co. Limerick, the Wife of Mr. Pat. Comins, sincerely lamented by her family and acquaintance.—Last Tuesday in Cork, George Peacocke, Esq; late Captain in the 6th regt. of Foot.—Last Wednesday, after three days illness, Mr. Maurice Griffin, of Riverton, Co. Limerick, a Gentleman of the strictest integrity whose death is universally lamented.

PORT-NEWS, March 14. Arrived the Race-horse, Strit, London, teas, porter, iron, and hops.—The Flora, Bouchier, Barnstable, bark.—The Zachie, Brown, Liverpool, ballast.—The Peggy, Merlin, Galway, ballast.—Arrived the Ann, Thompson, Workington, coals.—The Polly, Button, Galway ballast.—15. Arrived the Liberty, Beverly, Dublin, staves.—The Jane, Dunlap, Dublin, ballast.—16. Sailed the Betsy, Web, London, Provisions.—The Hannah, Foster, London, provisions, feathers, &c.—The Venus, Kerr, Greenock, oats.—17.] Arrived the Hero, Denny, Greenock, ballast.

REDUCED PRICES.

JUST arrived and for Sale at ROCHE's, in MARY-STREET, above 1000 Yards of real INDIA MUSLIN, of every Description, from 5s. to 3 Guineas per Yard, which will be sold uncommonly low, with an entire NEW COLLECTION of Goods in the SILK, CALLICO, HAT, and STOCKING LINE. N. B. ENGLISH RIBANDS, PATENT and YORK HATS. [3 p.] Limerick, March 17, 1792.

NEW-CALLICOES, &c.

W. H. FERRAR, informs his Friends and the Public that his NEW GOODS are Arrived, which have been Chosen by himself at the most Capital Houses in DUBLIN, they consist principally of Indian, Book, Mull, Decca, and Jaconet MUSLINS. British and Irish MUSLINS, of every kind and price. English and Irish Printed CALLICOES in the newest stile,

Immediate Payment.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons Indebted to JOHN DOWNES, of LIMERICK, MERCHANT, are hereby called upon to Pay in at his House the Sums due of them, or they will be Sued without further Notice. March 17, 1792.

DIET AND LODGING.

A FEW Ladies and Gentlemen of respectability, will be accommodated with DIET and LODGING by a private Family, in a genteel pleasing Situation.—Apply to Mr. A. WATSON. [2] March 17.

TO BE SET,

IN the Town of Rathkeal, from the 25th of March Instant, or 1st of May next, for such Term of Years as shall be agreed on: TWO new built and well finished slated HOUSES, situate opposite Mr. GEORGE DAVENPORT's, each consisting of a large double Shop, Parlour, Kitchen, and Cellar on the Ground-Floor; a spacious Drawing-Room, and two roomy Bed-Chambers on the second; and the third Floor as commodious as the second; a large Plot of Ground to the rear of each House, with an excellent Spring-Well.—Proposals in Writing to be received by Mr. JOHN REEDY, Riddlestown; or Mr. JOSEPH O'LOUGHLIN, Rathkeal. [2 p.] March 17, 1792.

SLATE QUARRY.

THERE is now opened at GLANOMERA, within six Miles of Limerick, and four of Castle-Connell, an excellent QUARRY, where the best Ton SLATES, of any size, may be had: Several Houses in Limerick have been supplied at said QUARRY, and Mr. BRUCE's House at HERMITAGE, is now Slating by THOMAS BURKE, SLATER, with the same. March 17, 1792.

TO BE LET,

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY NEXT, During the Minority of GEORGE FOSBERY, aged eight Years,

THE Lands of CLORANE, in the Barony of Kenry, and County of Limerick, containing 569A. 0R. 19P. Plantation Measure; or the same to be Let in the following Divisions, viz.

	A.	R.	P.
East and West Ballycraheen, Beenbehy, together with the Little and Rusik Meadows,	135	2	31
Cloongoonagh, East and West, with the West Meadow,	105	1	6
Gortreal, Monerne, and the Orchard,	41	0	31
Shraghyard, Farranbuoy, & the Corcasses,	226	0	1
Or if more convenient, this last Division will be divided into two Divisions, as will be shewn.			
Also, the Deer-Park, divided into two nearly equal Parts, well stocked and planted, to be Let together or separate, with or without the Deer; or the Deer to be disposed of; the whole containing	60	3	30
	569	0	9

Also, the Lands of Faha, or Bardees, contiguous to the New Bridge of Court, during the Minority of JOHN FRANCIS FOSBERY, aged one Year, containing about 68 Acres

Also, the Lands of Ballydoule, near the Town of Pallas, in the Barony of Kenry, during the Minority of WILLIAM FOSBERY, aged 3 Years, together, or in Divisions, the whole containing about 140 Acres.

Also, the House, Offices and Demesne of Adare-Farm, containing 131 A. 2R. 9P. during the Minority of the said George Fosbery.

MICHAEL CALLAHAN, who resides thereon, will shew the Lands of Clorane and its Sub-denominations.—Darby Slattery, Patrick Slattery, and Michael Hickie, who reside upon the said Lands respectively, will shew the Bounds of Faha, Ballydoule, and Adare Farm.

Proposals addressed to THOMAS and S. E. RICE, FRANCIS and WILLIAM FOSBERY, Esqrs. at the House of Mr. WILLIAM FOSBERY, Merchant, Limerick; to be received, and the Tenant, or Tenants to be declared the Third Day of next ensuing ASSIZES of LIMERICK. Limerick, March 17, 1792.

City Limerick Annuity Society.
Rev. ED. PALMER, President.

THE 25th of this Inst. March, falling on a Sunday, the General Meeting of the Limerick Annuity Society will be held at the Exchange on the Day following, at 12 o'Clock, when New Officers will be elected, &c. &c. March 16. 1792. By Order, BEN. UNTHANK, Sec.

N. B. There is One Vacancy in the Society which will be filled up at the above meeting, Candidates may